Lebry F

13/

### ADDINGTON UREAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

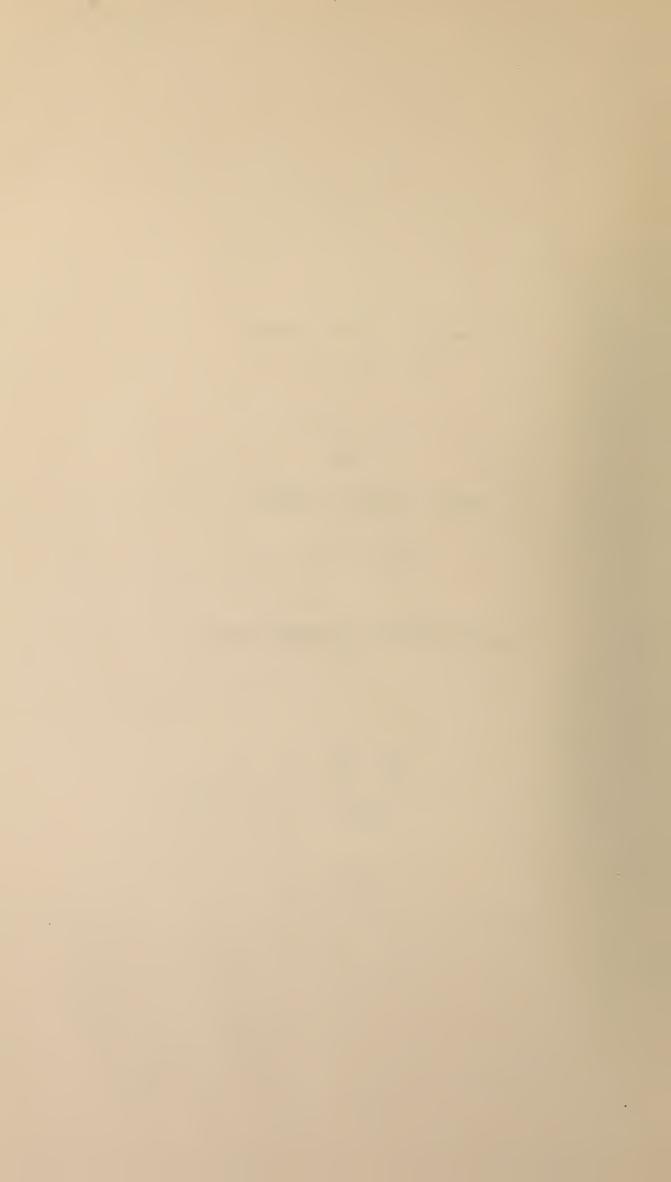
R F P O R T

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1956.





To:- The Chairman and Members of the Urban District Council of Adlington.

Mr. Chairman, Lady and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting to you the Report on the Health and Sanitary Circumstances of the District for the year ended 31st December 1956.

The number of births attributable to the District were 17 more than in the previous year, giving a Birth Rate of 16.1 per 1000 population as compared with the Birth Rate for the country as a whole of 15.7.

The number of deaths attributable to the District was 3 fewer than in the year 1955, giving a Death Rate of 11.8 per 1000 population as compared with the Death Rate for the country as a whole of 11.7. In regard to causes of death, heart disease was accountable for 10 more deaths than in the previous year, whilst the number of deaths from falignant neoplasms was reduced by 7.

It is pleasing to note that there were no deaths from tuberculosis. There was one death from this cause in 1955. Deaths from other causes show only minor variations.

The number of infants who died before reaching one year of age was 4 as compared with 2 in the previous year.

In regard to notifications of infectious diseases, there were 262 as compared with only 26 in 1955. This increase was due to an outbreak of Measles and Whooping Cough.

The Council's proposals in regard to slum clearance have not yet been put into effect, but it is intended that these will receive further consideration in the near future.

The Council's decision, taken towards the end of the year, to chlorinate the water supply obtained from the Thirlmere Aqueduct was, in my opinion, a very wise one.

The Clean Air Act,1956 received the Royal Assent during the year, and certain provision of the Act came into force on 31st December 1956. This Act, when fully operative, will enable Local Authorities to combat the problem of atmospheric pollution.

Attention has been given during the year to the implementation of the Food Hygiene Regulations, but this matter will require more action to obtain the requisite standards.

In conclusion, I wish to express my thanks to the Officers of the Council for their willing assistance at all times. My thanks are also due to the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for the support and consideration extended to me.

I am, Lady and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,
J. WALKER.
Medical Officer of Health.



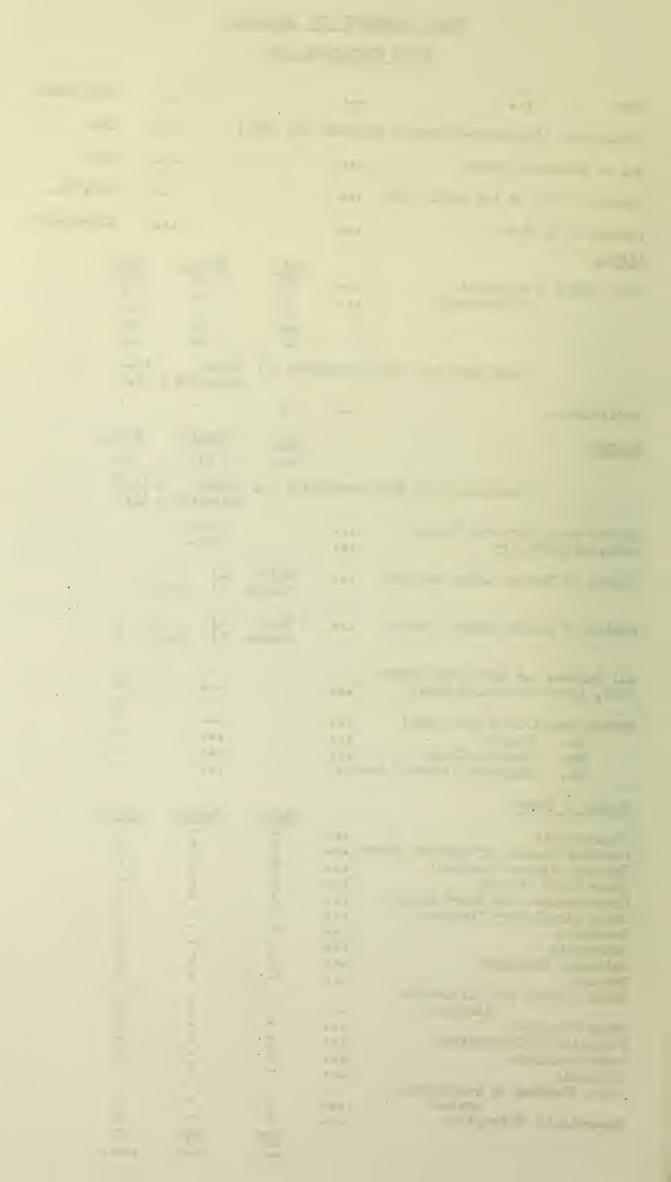
# URBAN DISTRICT OF ADLINGTON

## VITAL STATISTICS 1956

Area	•••	•••		••	•	1062 acres
Population (	Registrar-General's E	stimate	Mid 1956	5) ••	•	4150
No. of inhabi	ted houses	•••			•	1356
Rateable Valu	e at 1st April 1956	•••		••	•	£20,954.
Product of 1d	Rate	•••		•	•	£78-13-10d.
Births			Male	Female	Tota	7
Live Births -	· Legitimate	• • •	35	31	66	ya.da   =
	Illegitimate	•••	1	jesj 	1	
			36 ===	31	67	
	Birth Rate per 1000	populat	ion		= 16.1	
				Adjusted :		
Stillbirths		•••	1	<b>PP</b>	1	
Deaths			Male	Female	Tota	可
			26	23	49	
	Death Rate per 1000	populat	ion	Crude :	= 11.8 = 13.1	
Deaths from I Maternal Mort	Pucrperal causes	•••		Nil. Nil.		
Deaths of Inf	Cants under one year	. • • •	Male Female	1) 3) Tota	al = 4	
Deaths of In	fants under 4 weeks	•••	Male Female	1) 1) Tota	al = 2	
All infants   (i.e. Infant	per 1000 live births Mortality Rate)			• • •	60	
Deaths from (	Cancer (all ages)	• • •		• • •	7	
do. I	Measles	•••		•••	<b>,</b>	
do. I	Whooping Cough Diarrhoea (under 2 yea	urs)		• • •	-	
Causes of De	ath		Male	Female	Tota	1
Tuberculosis		•••	Marre	60-90-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	arealment colored park	To .
Vascular les	ions of nervous system	n	2	3	5 7 12	
Other Heart	ease (angina)	•••	2 6 5 1	7	12	
	with Heart disease	•••		2	3	
Other circul	atory diseases	• • •	1			
Pneumonia		• • •	2	<b>644</b>	2	
Bronchitis Malignant Ne	onlagme	•••	2 3 1	4	7	
Suicide	Obrasus	•••	í	•••	i	
	d and ill-defined		-	7	1	
041	diseases	• • •	1	3 1	4 1	
Other accides Congenital m		• • •		i	1	
Motor Accide			2	-	2	
Nephritis		•••	-	1	1	
Other diseas	es of respiratory		7		1	
Hyperplasia	system of Prostate	•••	1	_	1	
TO Lot Dwarta			totopos	-		

23

26



					ر 		ددست در سالکالسیستان سر	-y-rinnerson's community of or	a algogica po conspilario della continuazione y	* 14F * 71
tality	Neo-natal	Rate per 1000 live births	30	20	47	16	45	59	31.4	
	Neo	No. of Deaths regis- tered	2	러	W	H	3	2	2	
Infant Wortality		Rate por 1000 live births	9	40	78	16	09	29	9•44	
H	Total	No. of Doaths regis- tered.	+	N	5	r=1	4	2	8	-
	ţ.	Rate per 1000 total births	1	1	1	l	1	1	l	
Maternal	Mortality	No. of Deaths Regis- tered.	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	-
C (4+	CITOIT .	Rate per 1000 live births	15	20	15	1	53	14	15.6	
0 4444	מדדזמ	No. Regis- tered.	H	<b>-</b> -!	Н	8	2	7	r-1	
	ses)	Rate per pop.	11.8	12.7	11.4	9.3	14.7	13.0	12.2	
Deaths	(All Cau	No. Regis- tered.	64	52	47	38	09	52	50	-
rths	1	Rate per pop.	16.1	12.2	15.6	15.4	16.4	17.0	15.3	
Titve Rinths		Register ed	67	50	179	63	29	89	82	
			Year 1956	Year 1955	Year 1954	Year 1953	Year 1952	Year 1951	Average 5 years 1951 - 1955	

17.4 per 1000. # 41 Adjusted (live birth-rate (comparability factor 1.08) (death-rate (comparability factor 1.11)

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2016 with funding from Wellcome Library

### GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES

#### Staff

Medical Officer of Health:- Dr. J. Walker, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. L.D.S., D.P.D.

Sanitary Inspector (Part-time):- Norman R. Bolton, R.S.I.

### Laboratory Facilities.

Pathological Laboratory, Preston Royal Infirmary. Pathological Laboratory, Bolton Royal Infirmary.

### Ambulance Facilities.

Provided by Lencashire County Council Ambulance Service. (Chorley Depot) - Telephone: Chorley 2714.

### Nursing in the Home.

There is one "District Nurse" practising in the area. She is Nurse Holden, 6 Rivington Avenue, Adlington. Telephone Adlington 394.

### Treatment Clinics.

The "Minor Ailment" Clinic is held at 20 St. Thomas's Road, Chorley. Ancillary School Clinics (Orthopaedic, Dental and Eye, etc.) are held at Chorley and attended by Practitioners of Specialist status. Attendance is by appointment via School Medical Staff.

### Tuberculosis Clinic.

The Chest Clinic, 34 St. Thomas's Road, Chorley.

A Chest Physician (Dr. Nicholson) attends.

This Clinic is also used as a consultant clinic for chest conditions other than tuberculosis.

### Hospital Facilities.

For non-infectious cases :-

Chorley and District Hospital.
Eaves Lane Hospital, Chorley.
Wigan Infirmary.
Bolton Infirmary.
Preston Royal Infirmary.
Sharoe Green Hospital, Fulwood.
Isolation Hospital, Heath Charnock.

For Infectious cases:-

Whelley Hospital, Wigan.
Isolation Hospital, Deepdale, Preston.

All administered by Manchester Regional Hospital Board.

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

These services are administered by the Lancashire County Council.

### Domiciliary Facilities.

There is now no County Midwife resident in the District. The service is provided from adjacent areas.

### Ante-Natal Clinics.

The large majority of the expectant mothers in the area attend the antenatal clinic at 2/4 St. Thomas's Square, Chorley, and avail themselves of the excellent facilities provided by the Lancashire County Divisional Health Service.



### Maternity Beds

Normal accommodation is available at Chorley and District Hospital and Eaves Lane Hospital, Chorley.

Other hospitals are also available.

### Infant Welfare Centres.

An Infant Welfare Centre is held weekly (Wednesdays 2-4 p.m.) at the Christ Church Schoolroom, Adlington, and is attended fortnightly by a Medical Officer of the Lancashire County Council, as well as the County Health Visitor. The Medical Officer is Dr. Doris J. Black.

### Health Visitor.

The County's Health Visitor for the area is Mrs. Ashley, 123 Bolton Road, Chorley.

### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

### Water Supply.

The water supply of the area is provided (1) from the Blackrod Reservoir (by arrangement with Blackrod Urban District Council) and (2) from a tapping of the conduits taking the Manchester Supply from Thirlmere (by arrangement with the Manchester Corporation). During the year 21 samples of water from the Manchester supply were submitted for bacteriological analysis. All were reported satisfactory, apart from one, as follows:-

Plate	No. B. Coli.	No.faecal coli.	No non-faecal coli.
Count	per 100ml.	per 100ml.	per 100ml.
4-	25	25	1

In view of this and unsatisfactory reports on the same water in a neighbouring district, the matter was reported to the Council with a recommendation that this supply of water be chlorinated. The Council decided to adopt this recommendation and accordingly an order was placed for the supply of a suitable chlorination plant.

As regards the Blackrod supply, this is already chlorinated and samples taken by that authority were consistently satisfactory.

Every house in the area has a "main supply". The average daily consumption was 120,781 gallons which gives a consumption per head of the population of 29.20 gallons daily. The supplies are interchangeable and complementary.

During the year extensions were made to the water mains on the Council's Fair View Housing Site, Brook Street, Ollerton Street, Granville Street and The Common.

### Drainage and Sewerage.

Only 34 outleying properties are not connected to the sewerage system. These have septic tanks. Sewerage disposal is by precipitation and filtration over 3 coke filters at the Sewerage Disposal Works at Harrisons Farm. The effluent is discharged into the River Douglas. The Sewage Works was modernised in 1931. Extensions to sewers were undertaken in 1956 to new properties.

#### Rivers and streams.

These are inspected at intervals by the Inspectors of the Lancashire River Board.

### Refuse Collection and Disposal.

1399 moveable ashbins are emptied weekly by the Local Authority. The refuse is disposed of by controlled tapping at two sites.

Towards the end of 1956 the Council placed an order for the supply of a  $8/8\frac{1}{2}$  cubic yards Karrier Bantam Refuse Collecting Vehicle to replace the existing horse-drawn vehicle.

#### Cleansing of Drains and Closets.

Closet accommodation :-

Privy middens:	- No. of Middens	• • •	• • •	10
No. of Closets	attached thereto	• • •	• • •	12



No. of Pail closets
No. of freshwater closets
No. of waste water closets

The onus for the satisfactory maintenance of drains and closets is upon the property owners and such work is not undertaken by the Local Authority.

### Lavatories and Urinals.

There are public lavatories at the upper and lower Recreation Grounds, and modern Sanitary Conveniences at Station Road and Babylon Lane. The Conveniences are cleaned daily by the Local Authority's staff.

### Shops and Offices.

There are from 90-100 registered Shops in the area. No action was taken under the Shops Acts or Public Health Act,1936, during the year. The County Council are responsible for the administration of the Shops Acts, your Sanitary Inspector acting as their agent. The Sanitary Inspector made 71 visits to these premises during the year.

### Camping Sites.

There are no camping sites in the area.

### Smoke Abatement.

No. of factory and Works chimneys in area
No. of observations taken during the year
48

No legal proceedings were undertaken for excessive smoke emissions during the year, but personal contact with the firms and their boiler personnel was maintained by the Sanitary Inspector.

Certain provisions of the Clean Air Act, 1956, came into force on 31st

December 1956. This is a most important addition to the legislation of the
country and aims at removing the danger to health from atmospheric pollution.

How soon this aim will be achieved depends largely on the vigorous implementation of the Act by Local Authorities.

Among the provisions now brought into force are those dealing with the installation of new furnaces, the height of certain new chimneys, Smoke Control Areas and the making of building byelaws providing that the types of appliances to be installed in new buildings for heating or cooking shall be suitably designed for burning smokeless fuels.

The Minister intends to make a further order fixing a date "in the early part of 1958" as the appointed day for the remaining provisions of the Act which are mainly intended to reduce air pollution from industrial sources.

First impressions might be that this Act has little to offer a district such as this but it must be borne in mind that it is estimated that domestic smoke is responsible for fifty per cent of the pollution of the atmosphere. Increasing concern is being focussed on the possible danger arising from the exhaust of motor vehicles. Any steps to control this factor in air pollution must be of interest to this Authority in view of the fact that the important motorway A.6 runs through the district.

## Disinfestation of Houses.

Four houses were found to be slightly infested during the year 1956, and were treated with Pyrethum D.D.T. powder with good effect.

#### Schools.

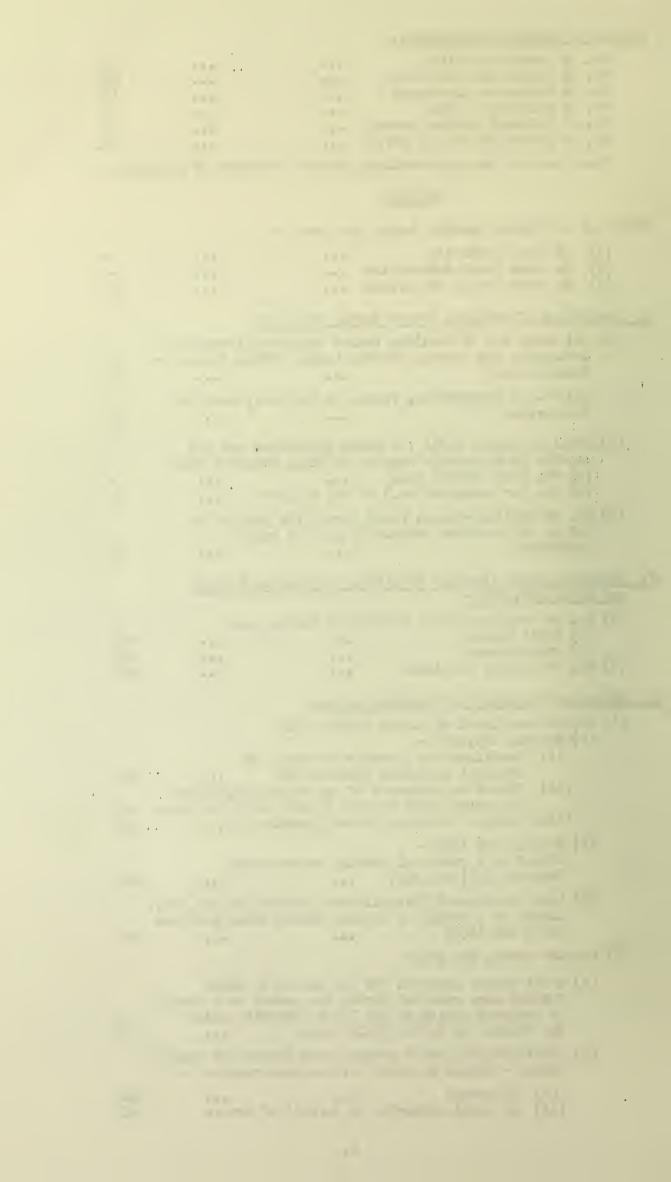
The water supply of the Schools is from the mains.

### Other Matters.

There are in the area no Common Lodging Houses or "Houses let in Lodgings" registered, no swimming baths or pools, no underground sleeping rooms, no premises where rag flock is manufactured, and no premises for the undertaking of offensive trades.



Summary of Sanitary Inspections.			
No. of premises visited	•••	•••	35
No. of visits made to above	•••	• • •	48
No. of nuisances discovered	• • •	•••	35
No. of nuisances abated	• • •	•••	35 35
No. of informal Notices served			35
No. of Statutory Notices served			nil
There were no legal proceedings	for the abatemen	t of nuisan	
HOUSING			
C-18troubler/dovellopphysibsta			
Number of new houses erected during t	the year :-		
(1) By Local Authority	•••	•,•,•	14
(2) By other Local Authorities (3) By other bodies or persons	• • •	• • •	
(3) By other bodies or persons	•••	•••	10
1. Inspection of dwelling houses dur	ring the year.		
(1) (a) Total no. of dwelling hou			
informally for housing defect	s (under Public l	dealth or	
Housing Acts)	• • •	•••	43
(b) No. of inspections, forms	or informal m	nde for	
the purpose	TE OF THE OTHER !!!	acc ror	47
me berbese	•••	•••	771
(2) Dwelling houses unfit for hun	an habitation and	l not	
capable at reasonable expense			
(a) No. found during year	•••	•••	-
(b) No. (or estimated no.) at	end of year	•••	51
(3) No. of dwelling-houses found	during the year	to he	
not in all respects reasonabl		VO 108	
habitation	y 110 101 mankai	•••	19
	•••	•••	/
2. Clearance Areas (Housing Act, 1936	and Housing Rea	pairs	
and Rents Act, 1954:-			
	1 7. 7		
(1) No. of dwelling houses demoli	sned during year		. ••
(a) Unfit houses (b) Other houses	•••	***	nil
(c) No common distribution	• • •	•••	nil
(2) No. of persons displaced	•••	•••	nil
3. Houses not included in Clearance	Areas		
(1) Houses demolished or closed d	uring year:		
(a) Housing Act, 1936 -			
(i) Demolished as a resu			• •
informal procedure (		•••	nil
(ii) Closed in pursuance			• ~
by owners under Sect			nil
(iii) Parts of building cl	osed (Section 12)		nil
(b) Housing Act 1949 -			
Closed as a result of clo	sing orders under		
Sections 3(1) and 3(2)	•••	• • •	nil
	ana ana Danasi ai ana	1057	
(c) Local Government (Miscell			
Closed as a result of clo	Sing orders under	. Dections	nil
	•••	•••	ماسلما
(2) Repairs during the year:			
(a) Unfit houses rendered fit			
defects were remedied dur	ing the period as	a result	
of informal action by the	local authority	under	
the Housing or Public Hea	1th Acts	•••	35
(b) Public Health Acts - acti	on after service	of formal	
notice - Houses in which			
			nil
(i) By owners (ii) By local authority	in default of own	iers	nil



- (c) Housing Act, 1936 action after service of formal notice (Sections 9, 10, 11 and 16):
  Houses made fit -
  - (i) By Owners ... nil
    (ii) By Local Authority in default of owners ... nil
- (d) Housing Repair and Rents Act, 1954:

Houses reconstructed, enlarged or improved and Demolition Orders revoked (Section 5) ... nil

### 4. Unfit houses in temporary use (Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954).

- (1) No. of houses at end of year retained for temporary accommodation and approved for grant under Section 7 ... nil
- (2) No. of separate dwellings contained in (1) above ... nil
- (3) No. of houses at end of year licensed for temporary occupation (Section 6) ... nil

### 5. Housing Act, 1949 - Improvement Grants etc. :-

		Private or indi	bodies viduals.	Local Authori	ty
	•	Schemes	No.of dwell. houses or other bldgs. affected.	No. of Schemes.	No. of dwell.hses or other buildings affected.
(a)	Submitted by private individuals to local authority	••	0-0	•••	
(b)	Submitted by local authority to Ministry	-	-	<b>910</b>	<b>6-4</b>
(c)	Finally approved by Ministry	(end	<b>Back</b>	<b>6-0</b>	
(d)	Work completed	1	1	800	gengi
(4)	Additional senarate duallings		-		

- (e) Additional separate dwellings included in (d) above
- (f) Any other action taken under the Act.

None.

### HOUSING CONDITIONS

Although houses built since 1914 are brick, houses built before that date are mainly stone-built with slated roofs. These are mostly of the two or three bedroom terrace type and lack modern amenities such as food stores, bathrooms, hot water systems etc. Their average age is 60 years, and the prevailing defects are dampness and to a much lesser extent roofs, but for the most part they are well-maintained. Many of these houses are now owner-occupied and are gradually being modernised.

During the year the County Council have introduced a scheme for the Housing of the Aged. This scheme offered grants to Housing Authorities for the provision of certain welfare facilities (e.g. warden, laundry, common room, etc.) in connection with the authorities "Housing of the Aged". It may be that this authority has not a sufficient population to warrant participation in this scheme, nevertheless, the Council might give serious consideration to this question in future housing projects, as the care of aged persons is a matter which is giving many local authorities much concern.

### Housing Schemes

A further 16 houses on the Fair View Farm Housing Site have been started during the year, and should be completed in the early part of 1957.



### Overcrowding or Housing Shortage

39 applications for houses were received during the year, 11 of which were from persons living outside Adlington. Only 6 of the Adlington applicants were not already living in their own home. There was only one case of overcrowding on the housing list, and arrangements were made for this family to be transferred to a four bedroom parloured house in January 1957.

### INFECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

### (a) Milk Supply.

In April 1956 the Milk (Special Designations)(Specified Areas) Order came into force, and so far as Adlington is concerned, it became necessary for retailers to sell only designated milk - Tuberculin-tested, Pasteurised or Sterilised.

There are 4 producer-retailers with premises in Adlington and 4 retailers with premises outside the district retailing milk in Adlington. In addition, there are 4 shops licensed to sell Sterilized milk.

### (b) Meat.

There is only one licensed slaughterhouse within the district, and this is only used in case of emergency.

There are 5 Butchers and one Pork Butcher in the district, and 12 visits were made to these shops during the year, and meat preparing premises.

### (c) . ther Foods.

Places where other foods are prepared, or kept for sale are inspected frequently by the Public Health Inspector.

There are 10 small bakehouses and 4 fried fish shops in the district - all are kept in a satisfactory condition.

28 Inspections of places where food is prepared were made during the year by the Public Health Inspector.

The following list gives the number of Food Premises by type of business in the district at the end of the year under reviews-

General Grocers and provision dealers	• • •	22
Greengrocers and fruiterers (inc. fishmongers etc.)	•••	7
Fishmongers (inc. poultry, game, etc.) only	•••	**
Meat Shops (butchers, cooked & preserved meat etc.)	•••	6
Bakers and/or confectioners •••	• • •	10
Fried fish shops	• • •	4
Shops selling mainly sugar confectionery, minerals,		
ice-cream etc	• • •	10
Licensed premises, clubs, canteens, cafes, snack bars	• • •	18
Others	•••	36

### Unsound Food.

During the year the following food was surrendered as unfit for human consumption:-

Cooked Gammon	$267\frac{1}{4}$ lbs.	
Australian Frozen Egg.	28 lbs.	
Processed Peas	5 lbs 13 ozs.	(6 tins)
Garden Peas	11 lbs.10 ozs.	(12 tins)
Grade I Salmon	1 lb. 4 ozs.	(5 tins)
Evaporated Milk	5 lbs.	(5 tins)
Tinned Soup	$6\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.	(8 tins)

### Ice-Cream.

Ice-cream retailed throughout the district is confined to pre-packed standard brands.



### Food Hygiene Regulations

Since the coming into operation of the new Food Hygiene Regulations, visits have been made to the various food premises within the district with a view to assessing their requirements in the light of the Regulations.

The response by the various trades to the standards is so far very encouraging.

### Rodent Control

The following table gives the work done during the year.

### Type of Property

	The second secon							
	Authority	Dwelling houses	Agricult-	All other inc business prem	Total			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
Total no. of prop- erties in Local Authority's District	8	1327	14	161	1510			
No. of properties insp.by Local Auth: during 1956 as a	a., ••	8	pal .	1	9			
result of (a)Notif- ication (b) Survey or otherwise.	b• 8	83	14	24	129			
No.of properties insp.(see above) found to be in-	Major. 2	sud.	-	=	2			
fested by rats.	Minor, 2	8	-	2	12			
No. of properties insp.(see above) found to be seriously infested with mice.	***	(ma)	***	644	-			

No. of Block control schemes carried out.

nil.

### PREVENTION OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

During the year the following cases were notified :-

2.
2
2
1
-
1

It is gratifying to note that this has been the 12th successive year without a Diphtheria case notified.

#### Tuberculosis.

One new case of pulmonary tuberculosis was added to the Register during the year.





